# Package 'rj'

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Type Package

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<b>Description</b> This package provides useful functions for the editors of the R journal.
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```
acknowledge_revision
```

Send revision received acknowledgement

# Description

Send revision received acknowledgement

## Usage

```
acknowledge_revision(article)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
article this is the article id
```

```
acknowledge_submission
```

Send submission acknowledgements

# Description

Send submission acknowledgements

## Usage

```
acknowledge_submission(article, editor)
```

## **Arguments**

article this is the article id

editor optional string, if specified, also sets the Editor: field to that value and the

handling editor will be CCd on the e-mail.

```
actionable_articles
```

Show articles that require attention with the corresponding action

# Description

Show articles that require attention with the corresponding action

## Usage

```
actionable_articles(editor, invite = 7, review = 30, verbose = FALSE)
```

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# **Arguments**

editor	string, initial of an editor or an associate editor, defaults to RJ_EDITOR env var
invite	integer, number of days after which an invite is considered overdue
review	integer, number of days after which a review is considered overdue. Note that you can extend this by specifying a due date in the comment, e.g.: "2021-03-01 Agreed (until 2021-05-01)" would allow for two months.
verbose	logical, if TRUE it will always list the full reviewer report for each entry

active\_articles List articles.

# **Description**

List all articles in common directories.

## Usage

```
active_articles(include = c("Submissions", "Accepted"))
accepted_articles()
```

# **Arguments**

include A character vector of directories to include.

## **Details**

- active\_articles: 'Submissions/', 'Accepted/'
- accepted\_articles: 'Accepted/'

address

An S3 class to represent email addresses.

# Description

An S3 class to represent email addresses.

#### Usage

```
address(email = NULL, name = NULL, comment = NULL)
```

# Arguments

email Email address of the reviewer name Display name, optional comment comment, optional

## **Examples**

```
address("h.wickham@gmail.com")
address("h.wickham@gmail.com", "Hadley Wickham")
```

add\_ae 5

add_ae	Add AE to the DESCRIPTION	

# Description

Fuzzy match to find the initial of the AE to fill in the article DESCRIPTION. Checks that AE term has not ended. The status field is also updated with a new line of add AE.

# Usage

```
add_ae(article, name, date = Sys.Date())
```

## **Arguments**

add_review	Add the review file received from the reviewer	
date	the date for updating status	
name	a name used to match AE, can be AE initials, name, github handle, or email	
article	article id	

## **Description**

This function adds the review file received from the reviewer to the correspondence folder of the

## Usage

```
add_review(
   article,
   reviewer_id,
   review,
   recommend = NULL,
   date = Sys.Date(),
   AE = is_AE()
)
```

## **Arguments**

article	Article id, like "2014-01"
reviewer_id	Numeric, the index of the intended reviewer in the Reviewer field. 1 for the first reviewer, 2 for the second
review	Path to the review file, e.g. pdf, txt, or docx format. If not specified it is assumed that you added the new file into the correspondence directory and the last file for that reviewer will be used. If you specify <i>-review-<j>. filename (no path) and it already exists in the correspondence directory, it will be used.</j></i>
recommend	Reviewer's recommendation, one of: Accept, Minor, Major, Reject. If not specified, an attempt is made to auto-detect it from the file by looking at the first occurrence of those keywords. If auto-detect fails, use "Received".
date	Date of the comment, defaults to today's date
AE	Logical, if TRUE then "AE: " prefix is added to the recommendation.

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## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# add review file from the first reviewer and recommend accepting it
add_review("2020-114", reviewer_id = 1, review = file.choose(), recommend = "Accept")
## End(Not run)
```

add\_reviewer

Invite an reviewer

#### **Description**

This function adds the reviewer information(name and email) to the reviewers field in the DE-SCRIPTION as well as draft an email to invite the reviewer.

## Usage

```
add_reviewer(article, name, email, invite = TRUE)
```

# **Arguments**

```
article Article id, like "2014-01"

name Full name of the reviewer

email Email address of the reviewer

invite Logical, whether to automatically construct an email to invite the reviewer
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
add_reviewer("2019-117", "Quiet Quokka", "qqplot@waspot.com")
## End(Not run)
```

AEs

Associate editor (AE) functions

# Description

Functions to determine if the user is an AE and retrieve relevant AE information

## Usage

```
AEs()
detect_AE(path = ".", require = FALSE)
AE(path = ".")
is_AE(path = ".")
```

ae\_workload 7

## **Arguments**

path string, path to the git repository to use for detection.

require logical, if TRUE then failing to detect the AE is considered an error

#### **Details**

- AEs (): read the associate-editors.csv in the rj package as a data frame
- detect\_AE(): determine AE from the remote of the repository in path or from the git config e-mail.this only work for AE and will fail for editors
- AE(): returns the corresponding row from AEs() if called by an associate editor or in an AE repository, otherwise NULL. It relies on either RJ\_EDITOR environment variable to contain the name of the editor or detection from the git repository pointed to by path (see detect\_AE).
- is\_AE(): determine if the user is an AE or the repository is an AE repository

#### Value

- AEs (): a data frame with all associate editors
- $\bullet$  detect\_AE(): NULL if not found or the row from AEs() corresponding to the AE
- AE: NULL if not an AE or a row from AEs ()
- is\_AE: TRUE if the user if an AE or the repository is an AE repository, FALSE otherwise

ae\_workload

Check the number of articles an AE is currently working on

## **Description**

This will examine the DESCRIPTION files for articles in the Submissions folder, check articles that have status "with AE".

# Usage

```
ae_workload(articles = NULL, day_back = 365, active_only = FALSE)
get_AE(x)
```

# Arguments

articles	a tibble summary of articles in the accepted and submissions folder. Output of $tabulate\_articles()$
day_back	numeric; positive number of day to go back for calculating AE workload. Retains any article where any status entry for an article is newer than 'day_back' days ago.
active_only	Toggle to show only active AEs (filtered by end year and comment field).
X	a single article, i.e. as.article("Submissions/2020-114")

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## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ae_workload()

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
art <- as.article("Submissions/2020-114")
get_AE(art)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

article

S3 class for article objects

## **Description**

Create or convert input into an s3 article object

# Usage

```
article(..., quiet = FALSE)
as.article(id)
```

#### **Arguments**

• • •	Named arguments giving the components of an article: id, authors, title, editor, reviewers, status
quiet	if TRUE suppresses failure messages.
id	a path to a DESCRIPTION, a path to a directory containing DESCRIPTION, or a article name, found in a sub-directory rejected, accepted or submissions

# **Details**

if the article is not parsable, article() will print an error message and return a unparsed blob. This ensures that information is not lost even if some articles have parsing errors.

Usually the best way to use as\_article() is to have your working directory set to the admin repo, and refer to articles by their id. See the examples section.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
as.article("2012-01")
as.article("2012-02")
## End(Not run)
```

article\_status\_plot 9

```
article_status_plot
```

Generates a status plot for articles submitted in the last few years.

# Description

Generates a status plot for articles submitted in the last few years.

# Usage

```
article_status_plot(years = NULL, save = TRUE)
```

# **Arguments**

years years considered. A vector of years, or defaults to last four years.

Defaults to TRUE. The plot is saved in the rjournal.github.io/resources folder.

#### Value

```
a ggplot, one bar per year (taken from article id)
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
article_status_plot()
## End(Not run)
```

assignments

Generate a summary of current and recent assignments to each editor

# Description

This should be run weekly.

## Usage

```
assignments()
```

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author\_emails

Extract email from leading author of an issue for emailing

## **Description**

If the email of leading author is not available, the first author with available email will be used.

# Usage

```
author_emails(issue)
```

# **Arguments**

issue the issue number in the 'Proofs' folder, i.e. "2021-2"

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
author_emails("2021-2")
## End(Not run)
```

build\_latex

Build article from LaTeX

# Description

Build article from LaTeX

# Usage

```
build_latex(
  article,
  share_path = normalizePath("../share", mustWork = TRUE),
  clean = TRUE
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
article The article to build share_path ???
clean Remove generated files
```

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corr\_author

Extract corresponding author from an article

#### **Description**

Extract corresponding author from an article

## Usage

```
corr_author(article)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
article Article id, like "2014-01"
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# extract from a single article
corr_author("Submissions/2020-114")

# extract corresponding authors from the active articles
all <- active_articles()
purrr::map_dfr(all, corr_author)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

decline\_reviewer

Update reviewer's response to invite

# **Description**

This function updates the reviewers field in the DESCRIPTION with reviewer's response: accept, decline, or abandon if no reply from the reviewer for a period of time.

## Usage

```
decline_reviewer(article, reviewer_id)
agree_reviewer(article, reviewer_id)
abandon_reviewer(article, reviewer_id)
```

# Arguments

```
article Article id, like "2014-01"

reviewer_id Numeric, the index of the intended reviewer in the Reviewer field. 1 for the first reviewer, 2 for the second
```

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# first reviewer declined
decline_reviewer("2020-114", reviewer_id = 1)

# second reviewer agreed
agree_reviewer("2020-114", reviewer_id = 2)

# third reviewer doesn't reply and deemed abandon
abandon_reviewer("2020-114", reviewer_id = 3)

## End(Not run)
```

email\_template

Send an email template.

# **Description**

Interpolate article values into a template, and create a new (unsent) email in your default mail client. The email is created using browseURL and the mailto protocol, so it must be relatively brief.

#### Usage

```
email_template(article, template)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
article An article id, e.g. "2013-01"

template The name of a template (without extension) found in inst/templates.
```

## Text format

The template should be divided into header and body with ---. The header should contain fields and values separated by : - only a limited

# **Template parameters**

The templates use whisker to insert template values. These have the form { field\_name } }. You can use any field from the description as well as the following special fields:

- name: the name of the first author
- email: email address of first author
- editor: name of editor
- me: your name, as determine by envvar RJ\_NAME

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email\_text

Generate an email template.

## **Description**

Generate an email template.

## Usage

```
email_text(text, means = getOption("RJ_EMAIL_TOOL", "mailto"))
```

# Arguments

text character vector, text of the e-mail (including headers)

means string, one of "mailto", "browser" (both open mailto: URL), "show" (file.show),

"edit" (file.edit), "open" (shell open) or "clip" (system clipboard). Defaults to

RJ\_EMAIL\_TOOL environment variable.

filter\_status

Find articles with a given status.

## **Description**

Find articles with a given status.

#### Usage

```
filter_status(articles, status)
```

## **Arguments**

articles A vector of articles, as given by accepted\_articles()

status The status you are looking for

future\_ids

Generate a new id value.

# Description

Inspects submissions/, accepted/ and rejected to figure out which id is next in sequence.

## Usage

```
future_ids(ids, n = 1)
```

# **Arguments**

ids XXX

n No. of ids to generate

```
get_accepted_articles
```

Functions for proofing articles

# Description

Functions for proofing articles

# Usage

```
get_accepted_articles()
draft_proofing(article, update = TRUE)
proofing_article(drafts)
proofing_article_text(article)
```

#### **Arguments**

article article id

update logical, if TRUE then the status is updated to "out for proofing"

drafts list of gmail\_draft objects

#### **Details**

- get\_accepted\_articles(): get list of articles in the Accepted folder to be proofed. This can be used with draft\_proofing to construct emails to authors on the final version.
- draft\_proofing(): generate proofing email for one article
- proofing\_article(): send proofing article emails
- proofing\_article\_text (): writes the email text into the correspondence folder

# **Description**

Find the articles that are accepted but have not yet been published to online

## Usage

```
get_accepted_but_not_online()
```

get\_articles\_path 15

# Description

This path is used to point to articles on your file system.

# Usage

```
get_articles_path()
```

```
get_article_keywords
```

Extract keywords from a submitted article

# **Description**

Extract keywords from a submitted article

# Usage

```
get_article_keywords(id)
```

# **Arguments**

id

the article id

## Value

a list with keywords and authors of the article

```
get_md_from_pdf
```

Get metadata from a PDF file

## **Description**

Get metadata from a PDF file

#### Usage

```
get_md_from_pdf(from, final = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

from pdf file

final If in a final state, then also include page information.

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get\_reviewers

Find all reviewers for submissions being handled by a given editor

# Description

Find all reviewers for submissions being handled by a given editor

## Usage

```
get_reviewers(editor)
```

## **Arguments**

editor

The editor or associate editor handling the submissions

## Value

A data frame of reviewers

```
get_reviewer_keywords
```

Extract keywords from reviewer list

## **Description**

Extract keywords from reviewer list

# Usage

```
get_reviewer_keywords()
```

get\_submissions

Download submissions.

# Description

Obtains submissions from the Google Sheets spreadsheet and downloads submission files from Google Drive.

# Usage

```
get_submissions(dry_run = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

dry\_run

Use TRUE for testing, which will not change the sheet. Default is FALSE.

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#### **Process**

The function does three things automatically:

- 1. Downloads and extracts submissions into appropriate directories.
- 2. Marks submissions as "read" in the spreadsheet.
- 3. Uploads acknowledgement emails to gmail account as drafts.

The user (editor-in-chief) then:

- 1. Ensures that the files have unzipped correctly (some authors incorrectly upload .rar or .tar.gz files) and that the latex compiles
- 2. Manually sends the draft emails

git\_user

Detect user name and e-mail from GIT

## **Description**

Detect user name and e-mail from GIT

## Usage

```
git_user()
```

#### Value

named string, e-mail of the user

```
invite_reviewers Invite reviewer(s).
```

## **Description**

Once you have added reviewers to the DESCRIPTION file, you can use this function to draft invite emails to them all. As well as drafting the emails, it also caches them locally in the correspondence/directory of the corresponding article.

## Usage

```
invite_reviewers(article, prefix = "1")
invite_reviewer(article, reviewer_id, prefix = "1")
```

# **Arguments**

article	Article id, like "2014-01"
prefix	Prefix added to start file name - used to distinguish between multiple rounds of reviewers (if needed)
reviewer_id	Numeric, the index of the intended reviewer in the Reviewer field. 1 for the first reviewer, 2 for the second

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late\_aes

Find late AEs for submissions being handled by a given editor

# Description

This should be run regularly and AEs chased up if they are late.

# Usage

```
late_aes(editor)
```

#### **Arguments**

editor

The editor handling the submissions

#### **Details**

The number of stars has the following meaning:

- 1 star: not responded in more than 12 weeks;
- 2 stars: not responded in more than 18 weeks;
- 3 stars: not responded in more than 24 weeks;

Please chase up late AEs.

#### Value

A data frame of AEs who are late in handling a paper.

late\_reviewers

Find late reviewers for submissions being handled by a given editor

## **Description**

This should be run regularly and reviewers chased up if they are late.

# Usage

```
late_reviewers(editor)
```

# **Arguments**

editor

The editor or associate editor handling the submissions

list\_reviewers 19

#### **Details**

The number of stars has the following meaning:

- 1 star: not responded in more than a week or accepted more than 4 weeks ago;
- 2 stars: not responded in more than 2 weeks or accepted more than 8 weeks ago;
- 3 stars: not responded in more than 3 weeks or accepted more than 12 weeks ago;

Please chase up late reviewers. If a reviewer has declined, use decline\_reviewer to remove them from the list. If you have decided to abandon a reviewer, use abandon\_reviewer.

#### Value

A data frame of reviewers who have not responded or not submitted their review on time.

list\_reviewers

Summarise reviewers' progression of an article

# Description

This function summarises the status of reviewers who are willing to review for a particular article.

# Usage

```
list_reviewers(article)
reviewer_status(article)
```

# **Arguments**

```
article Article id. like "2014-01"
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: list_reviewers("Submissions/2020-114")
## Not run:
reviewer_status("Submissions/2020-114")
## End(Not run)
```

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make	proof
make	PLOOT

Make a proof of an issue

## **Description**

The 'make\_proof()' function is the first step to creating an issue. It moves the 'proofed' articles from the 'Accepted' folder and news articles from 'News\_items/{id}' into 'Proofs/{id}'.

## Usage

```
make_proof(id, exec = FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

id The id of the issue to proof

exec Set to TRUE to make the proof, the default (FALSE) allows a preview of which

articles will be moved where.

#### **Details**

After the proof is made with this function, 'publish\_issue()' can be used to publish these articles into the 'rjournal.github.io' repository.

match\_keywords

Find reviewers through keywords matching

#### **Description**

Find reviewers for an article through matching the article keywords to the keywords reviewers provided when registering. Notice that a googlesheet authenticate, with your email address printed, will first pop up to verify the access to the reviewer googlesheet.

## Usage

```
match_keywords(id, n = 5)
```

#### **Arguments**

id the article id in the description file
n numeric; number of reviewer to display

#### Details

All the reviewers are ranked based on the number of matching keywords and when there is a tie, a random draw is used.

For example, an article A has 3 keywords. Two reviewers have all the 3 keywords matched, 5 reviewers have 2 matches, and another 10 have 1 match. To get 5 reviewers for article A, both reviewers with 3 matches are in and a random draw, among the five reviewers with 2 matches, is used to fill the remaining 3 places.

need\_decision 21

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
m1 <- match_keywords("2021-13")
m2 <- match_keywords("2021-13", n = 10)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

need\_decision

Find articles that have at least two completed reviews and need a de-

# Description

Returns all articles with at least 2 completed reviews but no decision This should be run regularly and decisions made if necessary.

## Usage

```
need_decision(editor)
```

## **Arguments**

editor

The editor or associate editor handling the submissions

## Value

A data frame of papers needing more reviewers

need\_reviewers

Find articles that need reviewers for submissions being handled by a given editor.

## **Description**

Returns all articles with fewer than 2 invited reviewers. This should be run regularly and new reviewers appointed if necessary.

# Usage

```
need_reviewers(editor)
```

## **Arguments**

editor

The editor or associate editor handling the submissions

#### Value

A data frame of papers needing more reviewers

new\_id

Generate a new id value.

## **Description**

Inspects submissions/, accepted/ and rejected to figure out which id is next in sequence.

# Usage

```
new_id()
```

online\_metadata

Generate metadata needed for website.

# Description

Generate metadata needed for website.

## Usage

```
online_metadata()
```

```
online_metadata_for_article
```

Generate metadata for one article.

# Description

Generate metadata for one article.

# Usage

```
online_metadata_for_article(x, final = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

x An article

final If in a final state, then also include page information.

parse\_address\_list 23

```
parse_address_list Parse a string into a rfc822 address list.
```

# Description

```
EBNF at http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2822#section-3.4
```

#### Usage

```
parse_address_list(x)
```

# Arguments

x string to parse

#### Value

a list of addresses

# **Examples**

```
parse_address_list("<a@b.com> Alison, <c@d.com> Colin")
```

publish\_article

Publish an individual article

# **Description**

This function will publish an individual article to the 'rjournal.github.io' website repo.

## Usage

```
publish_article(
   article,
   volume,
   issue,
   home = get_articles_path(),
   web_path = file.path(home, "..", "rjournal.github.io"),
   legacy = FALSE,
   slug
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
article article id

volume The volume of the article's issue (typically, year - 2008)

issue The issue number of the article's issue

home Location of the articles directory
```

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web\_path Location of the web source root of the journal, i.e., where \_article lives. The

default assumes all repos are checked out by their name in the same top-level

directory.

legacy (Very) old way of referencing the R journal

slug optional, explicitly set the slug name (for expert use only, useful to skip prob-

lematic articles by advancing the slug names manually)

#### **Details**

The function will complete the following tasks: 1. Assign an appropriate slug if one is not set in the article DESCRIPTION 2. Produce a zip containing supplementary files described in the DESCRIPTION 3. If legacy PDF article, the articles will be converted into HTML format suitable for the distill HTML website. If an Rmd file with the output format '"rjtools::rjournal\_web\_article" is found, it will be directly copied across as-is. 4. Set the issue metadata for these articles in the produced/copied Rmd front matter. 5. Update the status of the article's DESCRIPTION to 'online' 6. Render the document to update the article's HTML and PDF output.

#### See Also

```
'publish_issue()', 'publish_news()'
```

publish\_issue

Publish an issue

#### **Description**

This function will publish an issue in the 'rjournal.github.io' repository from the Proofs folder. If any articles or news from this issue are not yet published, it will prompt you to also publish these articles and news.

#### Usage

```
publish_issue(issue, home = get_articles_path(), republish_all = FALSE)
```

#### Arguments

issue The name of the issue, for example "2022-1".

home Location of the articles directory

republish\_all

If TRUE, then all articles and news will be published again in rjournal.github.io.

## **Details**

This is the main function to be used for publishing an issue and its contents to the R Journal website. It completes these steps:

1. Publish any unpublished articles from this issue. 2. Publish any unpublished news from this issue. 3. Generate a templated R Markdown file for the issue, with some metadata completed in the document's front matter. 4. Open the generated issue R Markdown file for you to update the metadata, for example to update the editors of the issue.

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publish\_news

Publish a news article

#### **Description**

This function will publish a news article to the 'rjournal.github.io' repository.

#### Usage

```
publish_news(news, volume, issue, home = get_articles_path())
```

# **Arguments**

news File path to the directory containing the news article to publish volume

The volume of the article's issue (typically, year - 2008)

issue The issue number of the article's issue home Location of the articles directory

## See Also

```
'publish_article', 'publish_issue()'
```

reject

Accept, reject, or withdraw an article

## **Description**

This set of functions wraps around update\_status() and email\_template to first update the status field in the DESCRIPTION file and then draft an email from the template. Articles are verified to be under the Submission folder before carrying out the actions to avoid mistake input of article ID.

# Usage

```
reject(article, comments = "", date = Sys.Date())
reject_format(article, comments = "", date = Sys.Date())
accept(article, comments = "", date = Sys.Date())
withdraw(article, comments = "", date = Sys.Date())
resubmission(article, comments = "", date = Sys.Date())
major_revision(article, comments = "", date = Sys.Date())
minor_revision(article, comments = "", date = Sys.Date())
```

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#### **Arguments**

article Article id, like "2014-01" comments Any additional comments

date Date of status update. If omitted defaults to today.

report Generate a status report.

## **Description**

This should be run weekly.

## Usage

```
report(articles = active_articles(), editor = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

articles list of articles to generate report for. Defaults to all active reports in 'Submissions/'.
editor editor to generate report for. Defaults to all editors.

reviewer\_summary

Summarise the reviewer's agree/decline ratio based on past invites

# Description

The function pulls out the agree/decline incidence of all the reviewers based on past invite and calculate the agree percentage of each reviewer. Use tabulate\_articles first to tabulate all the articles in a particular directory and then apply this function.

## Usage

```
reviewer_summary(articles, push = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

articles a tibble summary of articles in the accepted and submissions folder. Output of

tabulate\_articles()

push whether the reviewer number of review completed by the reviewer should be

pushed to the reviewer sheet

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
articles <- tabulate_articles()
reviewer_summary(articles)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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rj

R Journal Package

#### **Description**

This package provides useful functions for the editors of the R journal.

#### See Also

Useful links:

• https://rjournal.github.io/rj

```
set_articles_path Set the directory of the articles repository
```

# **Description**

This path is used to locate articles on your file system. If this path is not specified, the path will default to the root of the repository which contains the working directory

#### Usage

```
set_articles_path(path)
```

## **Arguments**

path

Articles path

```
summarise_articles Summarise editors current in-tray
```

## **Description**

This function summarises and prints the articles an editor currently have in hand. It also prints out the articles that has not been assigned to any editor on the top, if any. If assigned to an object, the unassigned articles will appear on the top of the data frame.

## Usage

```
summarise_articles(editor = NULL, rejected = FALSE, other = FALSE)
get_assignments(editor, folder = "Submissions")
get_unassigned()
find_articles(editor, folder, role)
get_latest(assignments)
```

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# **Arguments**

editor	Editors initials. If NULL, looks for the environment variable RJ_EDITOR.
rejected	Default FALSE. If TRUE, show rejected articles.
other	Default FALSE. If TRUE, list all articles not covered by any of the other options (typically accepted and online)
folder	the folder to search for assignments, one of Submissions, Rejected, Accepted, or Proofs
role	string, take value of either "Editor" or "AE"
assignments	<pre>an output object from get_assignments() or get_unassigned()</pre>

## **Description**

Produce a table describing articles in specific directories.

## Usage

```
tabulate_articles(dirs = c("Accepted", "Submissions"))
```

# **Arguments**

dirs

The directories containing articles to be searched and tabulated. If TRUE, then all directories will be searched.

```
time_to_accept_plot
```

Generates a plot of acceptance times for articles published in the last few years.

# Description

Generates a plot of acceptance times for articles published in the last few years.

# Usage

```
time_to_accept_plot(years = NULL, save = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

years years considered. A vector of years, or defaults to last four years.

Defaults to TRUE. The plot is saved in the rjournal.github.io/resources folder.

## Value

a ggplot, one boxplot per publication year

update\_status 29

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   time_to_accept_plot()
## End(Not run)
```

update\_status

Update the article status

# Description

This is a general function for updating the status field in the DESCRIPTION.

## Usage

```
update_status(
  article,
  status,
  comments = "",
  date = Sys.Date(),
  AE = is_AE(),
  replace = TRUE
)
```

## **Arguments**

article	Article id, like "2014-01"
status	new status to add, see details section for more
comments	Any additional comments
date	Date of status update. If omitted defaults to today.
AE	Logical, if TRUE, "AE: " is prefixed to the status
replace	logical, if the last status already matches status then the status is only updated if this flag is set to TRUE.

## **Details**

For AEs, status is prefixed with "AE: " and valid status includes "AE: major revision", "AE: minor revision", "AE: accept", and "AE: reject".

For Editors, use accept(), reject(), and withdraw() to update the status as well as draft an email to the correspondence author.

Check valid status with valid\_status.

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
update_status("2020-114", status = "AE: major revision")
## End(Not run)
```

30 valid\_status

```
valid_reviewer_status
```

A list of all valid reviewer statuses.

# Description

A list of all valid reviewer statuses.

# Usage

```
valid_reviewer_status
```

## **Format**

An object of class character of length 9.

# **Examples**

```
valid_reviewer_status
```

valid\_status

A list of all valid statuses.

# Description

A list of all valid statuses.

# Usage

```
valid_status
```

# **Format**

An object of class character of length 26.

# **Examples**

```
valid_status
```

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